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PSC 2020/21 (375AA, 9CFU)

Principles for Software Composition

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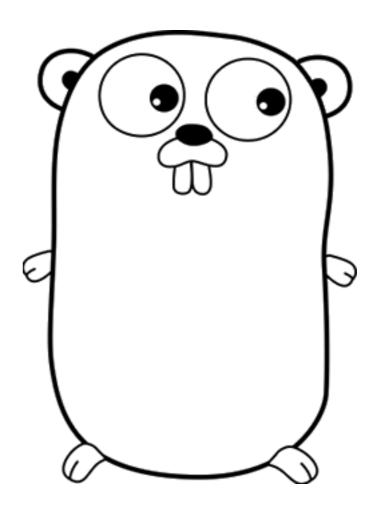
24 - Google Go

# Google Go concurrency oriented programming

### Google Go

http://golang.org/





#### Go features

facilitate building reliable and efficient software

open source

compiled, garbage collected

functional and OO features

statically typed (light type system)

concurrent

### Go principles

C, C++, Java: too much typing (writing verbose code) and too much typing (writing explicit types) (and poor concurrency)

Python, JS: no strict typing, no compiler issues runtime errors that should be caught statically

Google Go: compiled, static types, type inference (and nice concurrency primitives)

## Go project

designed by Ken Thompson, Rob Pike, Robert Griesemer

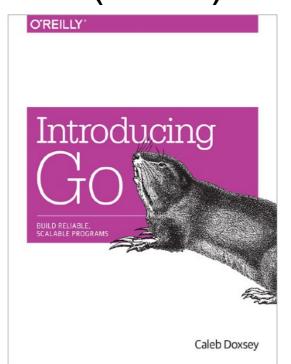
2007: started experimentation at Google

nov 2009: first release (more than 250 contributors)

may 2012: version 1.0 (two yearly releases since 2013)

feb 2021: version 1.16

C. Doxsey, Introducing Go (2016). Ch: 1-4, 6-7, 10



#### Go concurrency

any function can be executed in a separate lightweight thread

go f(x)

goroutines run in the same address space package sync provides basic synchronisation primitives programmers are encouraged NOT TO USE THEM!

do not communicate by sharing memory instead, share memory by communicating

use built-in high-level concurrency primitives: channels and message passing (inspired by process algebras)

#### Go channels

channels can be created and passed around

```
var ch = make(chan int)
```

creates a channel for transmitting integers

$$ch1 = ch$$

ch1 and ch refers to the same channel

f and g share the channel ch

### Directionality

channels are alway created bidirectional

```
var ch = make(chan int)
```

channel types can be annotated with directionality

```
var rec <-chan int
```

rec can only be used to receive integers

```
var snd chan<- int</pre>
```

snd can only be used to send integers

```
rec = ch
```

$$snd = ch$$

are valid assignments

```
rec = snd // invalid!
```

#### Go communication

to send a value (like ch!2) ch <- 2

to receive and store in x (like ch?x) x = < - ch

to receive and throw the value away <- ch

to close a channel (by the sender) close (ch)

to check if a channel has been closed (by the receiver)

x,ok = <- ch // either value, true or 0, false

#### Go sync communication

by default the communication is synchronous

**BOTH send and receive are BLOCKING!** 

asynchronous channels can be created by allocating a buffer of fixed size

```
var ch = make(chan int, 100)
```

creates an asynchronous channel of size 100

receive on asynchronous channel is of course still blocking send is blocking only if the buffer is full

no dedicated type for asynchronous channels: buffering is a property of values not of types

#### Go communication

to choose between different options

```
select {
  case x = <- ch1: { ... }
  case ch2 <- v: { ... }
  // both send and receive actions
  default: { ... }
}</pre>
```

the selection is made pseudo-randomly among enabled cases if no case is enabled, the default option is applied if no case is enabled, and no default option is given the select blocks until (at least) one case is enabled

## Example

non-blocking receive

```
select {
   case x = <- ch: { ... }
   default: { ... }
}</pre>
```

receives on x from ch, if data available otherwise proceeds

### Name mobility

channels can be sent over channels (like in  $\pi$ -calculus)

var mob = make(chan chan int)

a channel for communicating channels

mob <- ch

send the channel ch over mob

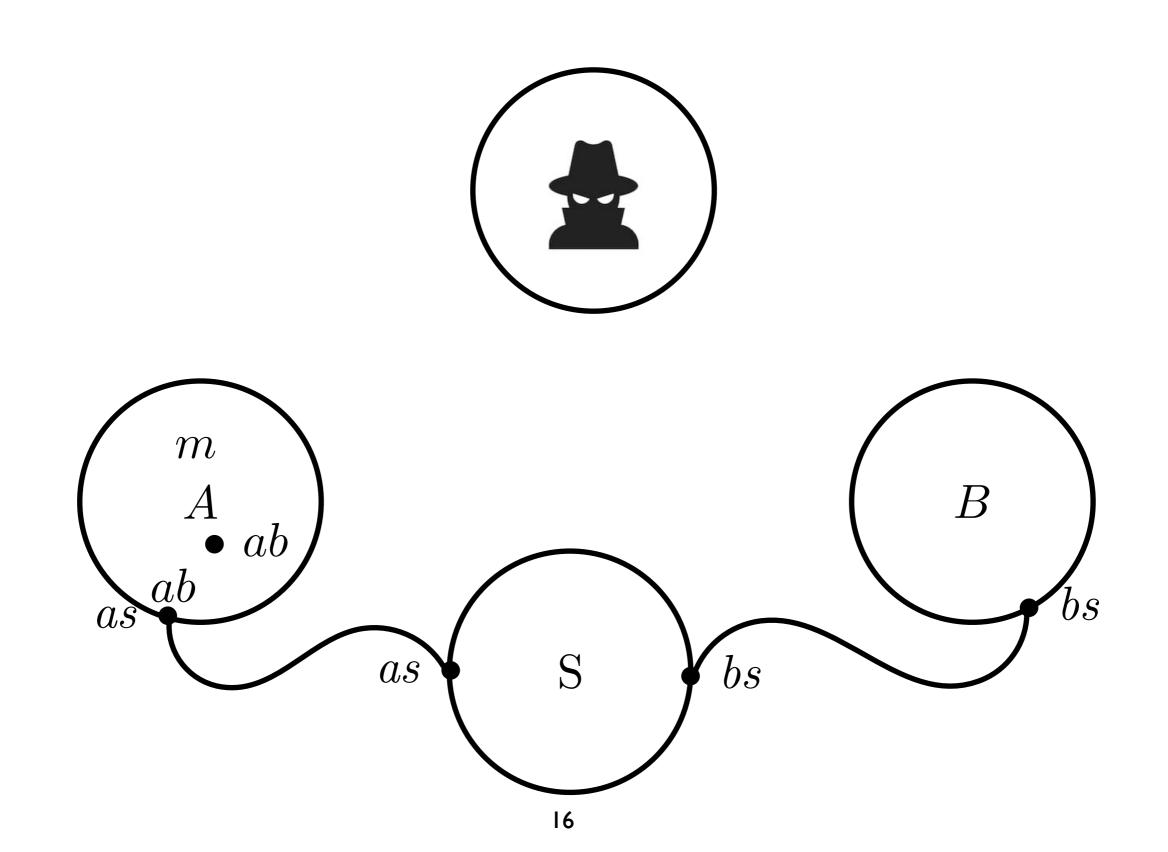
#### Go playground

```
The Go Playground
                                       ■ Imports
                                                  Share
                        Run
                              Format
                                                                                                     About
                                                         Hello, playground $
The Go Playground
 1 // You can edit this code!
 2 // Click here and start typing.
 3 package main
 5 import "fmt"
 7 func main() {
           fmt.Println("Hello, 世界")
10
11
12
13
14
15
16
18
19
```

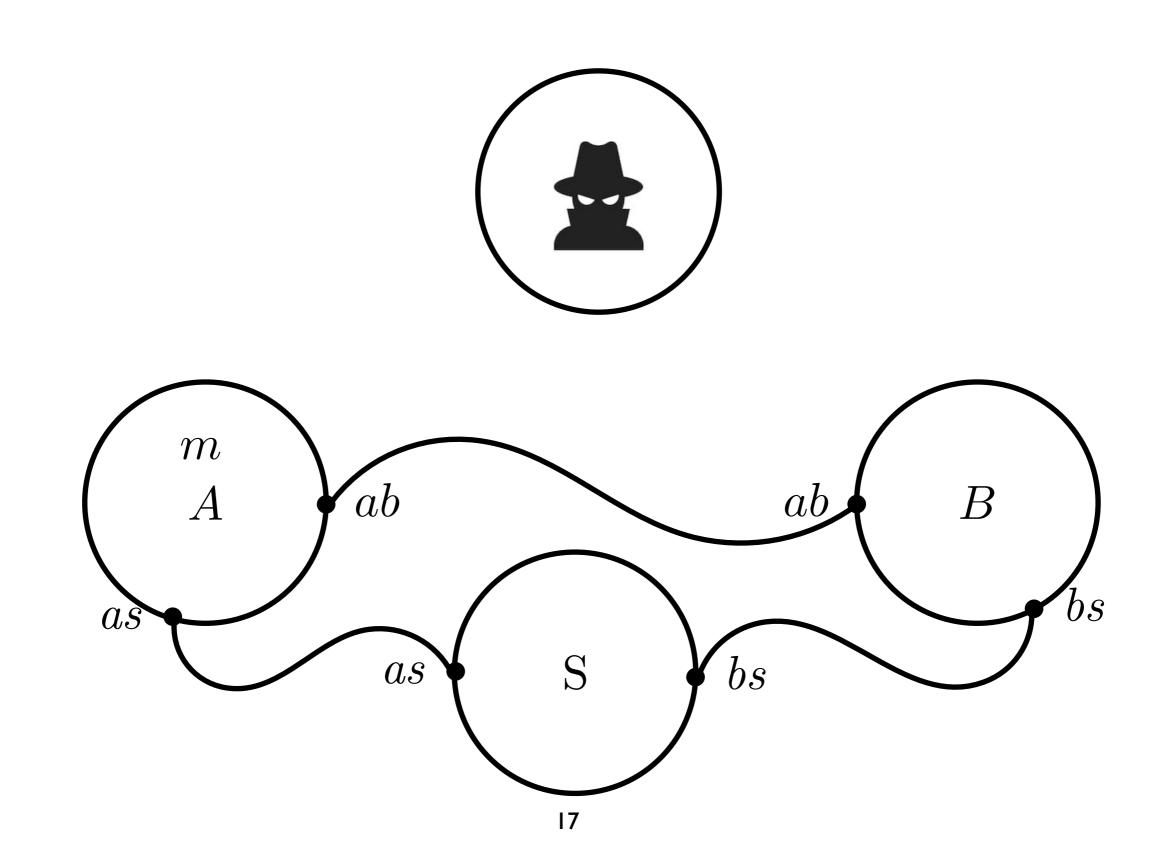
Hello, 世界

Program exited.

## Name mobility: secrecy



## Name mobility: secrecy



#### Concurrent prime sieve

