[Ex. 1] Add to IMP the command

check c_0 and c_1 on x

with the following informal meaning: if the executions of c_0 and c_1 in the current memory lead to the same value v for x then the memory is updated by assigning v to x, otherwise it is left unchanged.

- 1. Define the operational semantics of the new command.
- 2. Define the denotational semantics of the new command.
- 3. Extend the proof of equivalence of the operational and denotational semantics of IMP to take into account the new command.

[Ex. 2] Let $\mathcal{D} = (D, \sqsubseteq)$ be a CPO. A down-closed set of \mathcal{D} is a set $S \subseteq D$ such that

$$\forall d, s \in D. \ d \sqsubseteq_D s \land s \in S \Rightarrow d \in S$$

Let $\mathcal{D} \downarrow$ denote the set of all down-closed sets of \mathcal{D} , ordered by inclusion. Obviously $\mathcal{D} \downarrow$ is a partial order and has a bottom element (the empty set).

- 1. Prove that $\mathcal{D} \downarrow$ is complete by showing that the limit of a chain of down-closed sets is a down-closed set.
- 2. Let $(\cdot)^{\downarrow}: D \to \mathcal{D} \downarrow$ be the function defined by:

$$s^{\downarrow} \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ d \mid d \sqsubseteq_D s \}$$

Prove that $(\cdot)^{\downarrow}$ is monotone but not necessarily continuous.

[Ex. 3] Compute the type, the canonical form and the denotational semantics of the HOFL term

$$t \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \mathbf{rec} \ f. \ \lambda x. \ \mathbf{if} \ x \ \mathbf{then} \ 0 \ \mathbf{else} \ (f(x) \times f(x))$$

[Ex. 4] Let \mathcal{P} denote the set of all (closed) CCS processes.

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1. Prove that $\forall p, q \in \mathcal{P}$. $p|q \approx q|\tau p$, where \approx denotes weak bisimilarity, by showing that the relation R below is a weak bisimulation:

$$R \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} \{ (p|q, q|\tau.p) \mid p, q \in \mathcal{P} \} \cup \{ (p|q, q|p) \mid p, q \in \mathcal{P} \}$$

2. Then exhibit two processes p and q and a context $C[\cdot]$ showing that $s \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} p|q$ and $t \stackrel{\text{def}}{=} q|\tau.p$ are not weak observational congruent. Hint: remind that: $s \cong t$ iff $s \approx t \land \forall r. s + r \approx t + r$, where \cong is the weak observational congruence.